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The presence of mean dynamic (SSH) residuals leads to signific pass the mean dynamic topography the Gulf Stream itself. Several larly*simple approach involves a method employs a least squares fithen added to the SSH residual parameter estimates are find a more robust approach. GA apply the "generate and test" semumbers of candidate solutions methods. GAs have been used in a tion to curve fitting. A number	cant difficulty in inte is also subtracted, le l "synthetic geoid" met mathematical represent it to SSH residuals to profile to allow a bette effers from the practical close to the correct values are search techniques arch procedure iterations simultaneously, and the	erence surface sued to calcular pretation. When the "geoid" ading to artifacts such as apphods have been developed to adation of mean and instanta determine model parameters. The depiction of the instantaneol difficulty that convergence lues. We turned to genetic that are based on the mechaniely over a large set of candidy use random search and/or set	is subtracted arent acounted dress this pure modeled in the modeled in the substitution of the substitution of the substitution is substitution.	I from an individual erflow as strong as roblem. One particustream profiles. The mean Gulf Stream is am. achieved unless the GAS) in an effort to ral selection. GAs s. They search larger than determinsitic

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represent solutions to the problem, in this case the values of the parameters of a model that involves the difference of two hyperbolic tangent terms. The method requires input of the ranges in which the parameters lie. More accurate results are obtained with smaller ranges, i.e., better initial estimates of the parameters. However, one can obtain*

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*accurate results with very little prior knowledge with some experimentation.

The GA approach to fitting this SSH model to altimeter data is easily implemented, is accurate, and provides consistent results. We show specific examples of the application of this technique to GEOSAT altimeter data SSH residuals.

Artificial intelligence; Mathematical models; Curve fitting; Least squares method; Lagrangian functions; Algorithms. (MM) &



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